He himſelf, being excellently learned, and *induſtrious* to ſeek out the truth of all things concerning the original of his own people, hath ſet down the teſtimony of the ancients truly. *Spenſer on Ireland.*

Let our juſt cenſures
Attend the true event, and put we on
Induſtrious ſoldierſhip. *Shakeſpeare's Macbeth.*

His thoughts were low:
To vice *induſtrious*; but to nobler deeds
Timorous and ſlothful. *Milton's Paradiſe Loſt.*

2. Deſigned; done for the purpoſe.

The *induſtrious* perforation of the tendons of the ſecond joints of fingers and toes, draw the tendons of the third joints through. *More's Divine Dialogues.*

Obſerve careſully all the events which happen either by an occaſional concurrence of various cauſes, or by the *induſtrious* application of knowing men. *Watts's Improv. of the Mind.*

INDU'STRIOUSLY. *adv.* [from *induſtrius.*]

1. Diligently; laborioſuly; aſſiduouſly.

If *induſtriouſly*
I play'd the fool, it was my negligence,
Not weighing well the end. *Shakeſp. Winter's Tale.*

Some friends to vice *induſtriouſly* defend
Theſe innocent diverſions, and pretend
That I the tricks of youth too roughly blame. *Dryd. Juv.*

2. For the ſet purpoſe; with deſign.

Great Britain was never before united in itſelf under one king, notwithſtanding that the uniting had been *induſtriouſly* attempted both by war and peace. *Bacon.*

I am not under the neceſſity of declaring myſelf, and I *induſtriouſly* conceal my name, which wholly exempts me from any hopes and fears. *Swift.*

INDUSTRY. *n. ſ.* [*induſtrie*, Fr. *induſtria*, Lat.] Diligence; aſſiduity.

The ſweat of *induſtry* would dry and die,
But for the end it works to. *Shakeſpeare's Cymbeline.*

See the laborious bee
For little drops of honey flee,
And there with humble ſweets content her *induſtry.* *Cowl.*

Providence would only initiate mankind into the uſeful knowledge of her treaſures, leaving the reſt to employ our *induſtry*, that we might not live like idle loiterers. *More's Antid.*

To INE'BRIATE. *v. a.* [*inebrio*, Latin.] To intoxicate; to make drunk.

Wine ſugared *inebrateth* leſs than wine pure: ſops in wine, quantity for quantity, *inebriates* more than wine of itſelf. *Bac.*

Fiſh, entering far in and meeting with the freſh water, as if *inebriated*, turn up their bellies and are taken. *Sandys.*

To INE'BRIATE. *v. n.* To grow drunk; to be intoxicated.

At Conſtantinople fiſh, that come from the Euxine ſea into the freſh water, do *inebriate* and turn up their bellies, ſo as you may take them with your hand. *Bacon's Natural Hiſt.*

INEBRIA'TION. *n. ſ.* [from *inebriate.*] Drunkenneſs; intoxication.

That cornelians and bloodſtones may be of virtue to thoſe intentions they are applied, experience will make us grant; but not that an amethyſt prevents *inebriation.* *Brown.*

INEFFABI'LITY. *n. ſ.* [from *ineffable.*] Unſpeakableneſs.

INE'FFABLE. *adj.* [*ineffable*, Fr. *ineffabilis*, Lat.] Unſpeakable; unutterable; not to be expreſſed. It is uſed almoſt always in a good ſenſe.

To whom the ſon, with calm aſpect, and clear,
Light'ning divine, *ineffable*, ſerene!
Made anſwer. *Milton's Paradiſe Loſt, b.* v.

Reflect upon a clear, unblotted, acquitted conſcience, and feed upon the *ineffable* comforts of the memorial of a conquered temptation. *South.*

INE'FFABLY. *adv.* [from *ineffable.*] In a manner not to be expreſſed.

He all his father full expreſs'd,
Ineffably into his face receiv'd. *Milton.*

INEFFE'CTIVE *adj.* [*ineffectif*, Fr. *in* and *effective.*] That which can produce no effect.

As the body, without blood, is a dead and lifeleſs trunk; ſo is the word of God, without the ſpirit, a dead and *ineffective* letter. *Taylor.*

He that aſſures himſelf he never errs, will always err; and his preſumptions will render all attempts to inform him *ineffective.* *Glanv. Sceſ.*

INEFFE'CTUAL. *adj.* [*in* and *effectual.*] Unable to produce its proper effect; weak; without power.

The publick reading of the Apocrypha they condemn as a thing effectual unto evil: the bare reading even of Scriptures themſelves they miſlike, as a thing *ineffectual* to do good. *Hook.*

The death of Patrocles, joined to the offer of Agamemnon, which of itſelf had proved *ineffectual.* *Pope.*

INEFFE'CTUALLY. *adv.* [from *ineffectual.*] Without effect.

INEFFE'CTUALNESS. *n. ſ.* [from *ineffectual.*] Inefficacy; want of power to perform the proper effect.

St. James ſpeaks of the *ineffectualneſs* of ſome mens devotion, Ye aſk, and receive not, becauſe ye aſk amiſs. *Wake.*

INEFFICACIOUS. *adj.* [*inefficace*, Fr. *inefficax*, Latin.] Unable to produce effects; weak; feeble.

Is not that better than always to have the rod in hand, and, by frequent uſe of it, miſapply and render *inefficacious* this uſeful remedy? *Locke.*

INE'FFICACY. *n. ſ.* [*in* and *efficacia*, Latin.] Want of power; want of effect.

INE'LEGANCE. } *n. ſ.* [from *inelegant.*] Abſence of beauty;
INE'LEGANCY. } want of elegance.

INE'LEGANT. *adj.* [*inelegans*, Lat.]

1. Not becoming; not beautiful: oppoſite to elegant.

What order, ſo contriv'd as not to mix
Taſtes, not well join'd, *inelegant*, but bring
Taſte after taſte, upheld with kindlieſt change. *Milton.*

This very variety of ſea and land, hill and dale, which is here reputed ſo *inelegant* and unbecoming, is indeed extremely charming and agreeable. *Woodward.*

2. Mean; deſpicable; contemptible.

Modern criticks, having never read Homer, but in low and *inelegant* tranſlations, impute the meanneſs of the tranſlation to the poet. *Broome's Notes on the Odyſſey.*

INE'LOQUENT. *adj.* [*in* and *eloquens*, Latin.] Not perſuaſive; not oratorical: oppoſite to *eloquent.*

INE'PT. *adj.* [*ineptus*, Lat.] Unfit; uſeleſs; trifling; fooliſh.

The works of nature, being neither uſeleſs nor *inept*, muſt be guided by ſome principle of knowledge. *More.*

After their various unſucceſsful ways,
Their fruitleſs labour, and *inept* eſſays,
No cauſe of theſe appearances they'll find,
But power exerted by th' Eternal Mind. *Blackmore*

When the upper and vegetative ſtratum was once waſhed off by rains, the hills would have become barren, the ſtrata below yielding only mere ſterile matter, ſuch as was wholly *inept* and improper for the formation of vegetables. *Woodward.*

INE'PTLY. *adv.* [*inepté*, Latin.] Trifling; fooliſhly; unfitly.

None of them are made fooliſhly or *ineptly.* *More.*

All things were at firſt diſpoſed by an omniſcient intellect, that cannot contrive *ineptly.* *Glanv. Sceſ.*

INE'PTITUDE. *n. ſ.* [from *ineptus*, Lat.[Unfitneſs.

The grating and rubbing of axes againſt the ſockets, wherein they are placed, will cauſe ſome *ineptitude* or reſiſtency to rotation of the cylinder. *Wilkins.*

An omnipotent agent works infallibly and irreſiſtibly, no *ineptitude* or ſtubbornneſs of the matter being ever able to hinder him. *Ray on the Creation.*

There is an *ineptitude* to motion from too great laxity, and an *ineptitude* to motion from too great tenſion. *Arbuthnot.*

INEQUA'LITY. *n. ſ.* [*inegalité*, Fr. from *in æqualitas* and *in æqualis*, Latin.]

1. Difference of comparative quantity.

There is ſo great an *inequality* in the length of our legs and arms, as makes it impoſſible for us to walk on all four. *Ray.*

2. Unevenneſs; interchange of higher and lower parts.

The country is cut into ſo many hills and *inequalities* as renders it defenſible. *Addiſon on Italy.*

The glaſs ſeemed as well wrought as the object-glaſſes uſe to be; yet when it was quickſilvered, the reflexion diſcovered innumerable *inequalities* all over the glaſs. *Newton's Opt.*

If there were no *inequalities* in the ſurface of the earth, nor in the ſeaſons of the year, we ſhould loſe a conſiderable ſhare of the vegetable kingdom. *Bentley.*

3. Diſproportion to any office or purpoſe; ſtate of not being adequate; inadequateneſs.

The great *inequality* of all things to the appetites of a rational ſoul appears from this, that in all worldly things a man finds not half the pleaſure in the actual poſſeſſion that he propoſed in the expectation. *South's Sermons.*

4. Change of ſtate; unlikeneſs of a thing to itſelf; difference of temper or quality.

In ſome places, by the nature of the earth, and by the ſituation of woods and hills, the air is more unequal than in others; and *inequality* of air is ever an enemy to health. *Bacon.*

5. Difference of rank or ſtation.

If ſo ſmall *inequality* between man and man make in them modeſty a commendable virtue, who reſpecting ſuperiors as ſuperiors, can neither ſpeak nor ſtand before them without fear. *Hooker.*

INERRABI'LITY. *n. ſ.* [from *inerrable.*] Exemption from error; infallibility.

I cannot allow their wiſdom ſuch a completeneſs and *inerrability* as to exclude myſelf from judging. *King Charles.*

INE'RRABLE. *adj.* [*in* and *err.*] Exempt from errour.

We have conviction from reaſon, or deciſions from the *inerrable* and requiſite conditions of ſenſe. *Brown's Vulgar Err.*

Infallibility and inerrableneſs is aſſumed by the Romiſh church, without any *inerrable* ground to build it on. *Hammon.*

INE'RRABLENESS. *n. ſ.* [from *inerrable.*] Exemption from errour.

Infallibility and *inerrableneſs* is aſſumed and incloſed by the Romiſh church, without any inerrable ground to build it on. *Hammond on Fundamentals.*

INE'RRABLY. *adv.* [from *inerrable.*] With ſecurity from errour; infallibly.

INE'RRINGLY. *adv.* [*in* and *erring.*] Without errour; without miſtake; without deviation.

That divers limners at a diſtance, without copy, ſhould draw the ſame picture, is more conceivable, than that matter ſhould frame itſelf ſo *inerringly* according to the idea of its kind *Glanv. Sceſ.*

INE'RT. *adj.* [*inert*, Lat.] Dull; ſluggiſh; motionleſs.

Body alone, *inert* and brute, you'll find;
The cauſe of all things is by you aſſign'd. *Blackmore.*

Informer of the planetary train!
Without whoſe quickening glance their cumb'rous orbs
Were brute unlively maſs, *inert* and dead. *Thomſon.*

INE'RTLY. *adv.* [from *inert.*] Sluggiſhly; dully.

Ye pow'rs,
Suſpend a while your force *inertly* ſtrong. *Dunciad.*

INESCA'TION. *n. ſ.* [*in* and *eſca*, Lat.] The act of baiting. *Dict.*

INE'STIMABLE. *adj.* [*ineſtimable*, Fr. *inæſtimabilis*, Lat.] Too valuable to be rated; tranſcending all price.

I thought I ſaw a thouſand fearful wrecks,
A thouſand men that fiſhes gnaw'd upon;
Wedges of gold, great anchors, heaps of pearl,
Ineſtimable ſtones, unvalu'd jewels. *Shakeſ. Rich. III.*

The pope thereupon took advantage, abuſing the ſimplicity of the king to ſuck out *ineſtimable* ſums of money, to the intolerable grievance of both the clergy and temporality. *Abbot.*

There we ſhall ſee a fight worthy dying for, that bleſſed Saviour, of whom the Scripture does ſo excellently entertain us, and who does ſo highly deſerve of us upon the ſcore of his infinite perfections, and his *ineſtimable* benefits. *Boyle.*

And ſhall this prize, th' *ineſtimable* prize,
On that rapacious hand for ever blaze! *Pope.*

INE'VIDENT. *adj.* [*inevident*, Fr. *in* and *evident.*] Not plain; obſcure. Not in uſe.

The habit of faith in divinity is an argument of things unſeen, and a ſtable aſſent unto things *inevident*, upon authority of the divine revealer. *Brown's Vulgar Errours.*

INEVITABI'LITY *n. ſ.* [from *inevitable.*] Impoſſibility to be avoided; certainty.

By liberty, I do underſtand neither a liberty from ſin, miſery, ſervitude, nor violence, but from neceſſity, or rather neceſſitation; that is, an univerſal immunity from all *inevitability* and determination to one. *Bramh. againſt Hobbs.*

INE'VITABLE. *adj.* [*inevitable*, Fr. *inevitabilis*, Lat.] Unavoidable; not to be eſcaped.

I had a paſs with him: he gives me the ſtuck in with ſuch a mortal motion, that it is *inevitable.* *Shakeſp. Twelfth Night.*

Fate *inevitable*
Subdues us. *Milton.*

Since my *inevitable* death you know,
You ſafely unavailing pity ſhow. *Dryden's Aurengzebe.*

INE'VITABLY. *adv.* [from *inevitable.*] Without poſſibility of eſcape.

The day thou eat'ſt thereof, my ſole command
Tranſgreſt, *inevitably* thou ſhalt die. *Milton's Par. Loſt.*

How *inevitably* does an immoderate laughter end in a ſigh? *South's Sermons.*

To look no further than the next line, it will *inevitably* follow, that they can drive to no certain point. *Dryden.*

Inflammations of the bowels oft *inevitably* tend to the ruin of the whole. *Harvey on Conſumptions.*

If our ſenſe of hearing were exalted, we ſhould have no quiet or ſleep in the ſilenteſt nights, and we muſt *inevitably* be ſtricken deaf or dead with a clap of thunder. *Bentley.*

INEXCU'SABLE. *adj.* [*inexcuſable*, Fr. *inexcuſabilis*, Lat. *in* and *excuſable.*] Not to be excuſed; not to be palliated by apology.

It is a temerity, and a folly *inexcuſable*, to deliver up ourſelves needleſly into another's power. *L'Eſtrange.*

As we are an iſland with ports and navigable ſeas, we ſhould be *inexcuſable* if we did not make theſe bleſſings turn to account. *Addiſon's Freeholder.*

Such a favour could only render them more obdurate, and more *inexcuſable*: it would inhance their guilt. *Atterbury.*

If learning be not encouraged under your adminiſtration, you are the moſt *inexcuſable* perſon alive. *Swift.*

A fallen woman is the more *inexcuſable*, as, from the cradle, the ſex is warned againſt the deluſions of men. *Clariſſa.*

INEXCU'SABLENESS. *n. ſ.* [from *inexcuſable.*] Enormity beyond forgiveneſs or palliation.

Their *inexcuſableneſs* is ſtated upon the ſuppoſition that they knew God, but did not glorify him *South's Sermons.*

INEXCU'SABLY. *adv.* [from *inexcuſable.*] To a degree of guilt or folly beyond excuſe.

It will *inexcuſably* condemn ſome men, who having received excellent endowments, yet have fruſtrated the intention. *Brown.*

INEXHA'LABLE. *adj.* [*in* and *exhale.*] That which cannot evaporate.

A new laid egg will not ſo eaſily be boiled hard, becauſe it contains a great ſtock of humid part, which muſt be evaporated before the heat can bring the *inexhalable* parts into conſiſtence. *Brown's Vulgar Errours.*

INEXHA'USTED. *adj.* [*in* and *exhauſted.*] Unemptied; not poſſible to be emptied.

So wert thou born into a tuneful ſtrain,
An early, rich, and *inexhauſted* vein. *Dryden.*

INEXHA'USTIBLE. *adj.* [*in* and *exhauſtible.*] Not to be drawn all away; not to be ſpent.

Reflect on the variety of combinations which may be made with number, whoſe ſtock is *inexhauſtible*, and truly infinite. *Locke.*

The ſtock that the mind has in its power, by varying the idea of ſpace, is perfectly *inexhauſtible*, and ſo it can multiply figures *in infinitum.* *Locke.*

INEXI'STENT. *adj.* [*in* and *exiſtent.*] Not having being; not to be found in nature.

To expreſs complexed ſignifications they took a liberty to compound and piece together creatures of allowable forms into mixtures *inexiſtent.* *Brown's Vulg. Err.*

We doubt whether theſe heterogeneities be ſo much as *inexiſtent* in the concrete, whence they are obtained. *Boyle.*

INEXI'STENCE. *n. ſ.* [*in* and *exiſtence.*] Want of being; want of exiſtence.

He calls up the heroes of former ages from a ſtate of *inexiſtence* to adorn and diverſify his poem. *Broome on the Odyſſ.*

INE'XORABLE. *adj.* [*inexorable*, Fr. *inexorabilis*, Latin.] Not to be intreated; not to be moved by intreaty.

You are more inhuman, more *inexorable*,
Oh ten times more, than tygers of Hyrcania. *Shakeſ. H. VI.*

Inexorable dog. *Shak. Merch. of Venice.*

The ſcourge
Inexorable calls to penance. *Milton.*

The gueſts invited came,
And with the reſt th' *inexorable* dame. *Dryden.*

Th' *inexorable* gates were barr'd,
And nought was ſeen, and nought was heard,
But dreadful gleams, ſhrieks of woe *Pope's St. Cæcilia.*

We can be deaf to the words of ſo ſweet a charmer, and *inexorable* to all his invitations. *Rogers.*

INEXPE'DIENCE. } *n. ſ.* [*in* and *expediency.*] Want of fitneſs;
INEXPE'DIENCY. } want of propriety; unſuitableneſs to time or place; inconvenience.

It concerneth ſuperiours to look well to the expediency and *inexpediency* of what they enjoin in different things. *Sanderſon.*

INEXPE'DIENT. *adj.* [*in* and *expedient.*] Inconvenient; unfit; improper; unſuitable to time or place.

It is not *inexpedient* they ſhould be known to come from a perſon altogether a ſtranger to chymical affairs. *Boyle.*

We ſhould be prepared not only with patience to bear, but to receive with thankfulneſs a repulſe, if God ſhould ſee them to be *inexpedient.* *Smalridge's Sermons.*

INEXPE'RIENCE. *n. ſ.* [*inexperience*, Fr. *in* and *experience.*] Want of experimental knowledge; want of experience.

Thy words at random argue thine *inexperience.* *Milton.*

Prejudice and ſelf-ſufficiency naturally proceed from *inexperience* of the world, and ignorance of mankind. *Addiſon.*

INEXPE'RIENCED. *adj.* [*inexpertus*, Lat.] Not experienced.

INEXPE'RT. *adj.* [*inexpertus*, Lat. *in* and *expert.*] Unſkilful; unſkilled.

The race elect advance
Through the wild deſert; not the readieſt way,
Leſt ent'ring on the Canaanite alarm'd,
War terrify them *inexpert.* *Milton's Paradiſe Loſt, b.* xii.

In letters and in laws
Not *inexpert.* *Prior.*

INE'XPIABLE. *adj.* [*inexpiable*, French; *inexpiabilis*, Latin.]

1. Not to be atoned.

2. Not to be mollified by atonement.

Love ſeeks to have love:
My love how could'ſt thou hope, who took'ſt the way
To raiſe in me *inexpiable* hate? *Milton's Agoniſtes.*

INE'XPIABLY. *adv.* [from *inexpiable.*] To a degree beyond atonement.

Excurſions are *inexpiably* bad,
And 'tis much ſafer to leave out than add. *Roſcommon.*

INE'XPLEABLY. *adv.* [*in* and *expleo*, Lat.] Inſatiably. A word not in uſe.

What were theſe harpies but flatterers, delators, and the *inexpleably* covetous. *Sandys's Travels.*

INE'XPLICABLE. *adj.* [*inexplicable*, Fr. *in* and *explico*, Lat.] Incapable of being explained; not to be made intelligible.

What could ſuch apprehenſions breed, but, as their nature is, *inexplicable* paſſions of mind, deſires abhorring what they embrace, and embracing what they abhor? *Hooker.*

To me at leaſt this ſeems *inexplicable*, if light be nothing elſe than preſſion or motion propagated through ether. *Newton.*

None eludes ſagacious reaſon more,
Than this obſcure *inexplicable* pow'r. *Blackmore.*

INE'XPLICABLY. *adv.* [from *inexplicable*] In a manner not to be explained.

INEXPRE'SSIBLE. *adj.* [*in* and *expreſs.*] Not to be told; not to be uttered; unutterable.

Thus when in orbs
Of circuit *inexpreſſible* they ſtood,
Orb within orb. *Milton's Paradiſe Loſt, b.* v.

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